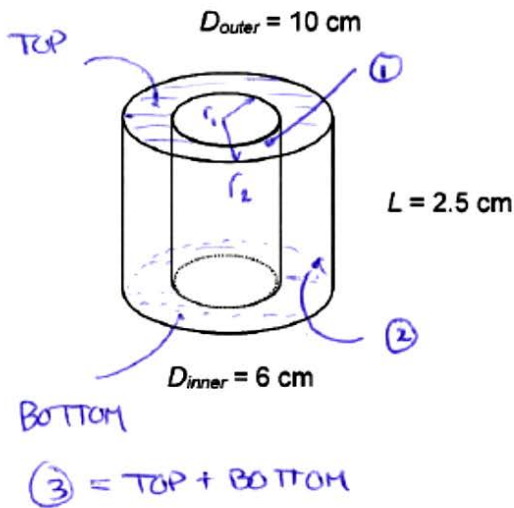


Example

Two concentric cylinders are nested together coaxially as shown in the figure. Assuming the surfaces are *diffuse*,

- calculate the fraction of radiation leaving the outer surface of the inner cylinder that goes through the top and bottom openings.
- Calculate the fraction of radiation leaving the outer surface of the inner cylinder that goes through just the top opening.
- Calculate the fraction of radiation leaving the inner surface of the outer cylinder that goes through the top and bottom openings.



(a) USING CHARTS/GRAPHS IN TEXT...

$$F_{2 \rightarrow 1} = f(r_1/r_2, L/r_2)$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} r_1/r_2 = 0.6 \\ L/r_2 = 0.5 \end{array} \right\} F_{2 \rightarrow 1} = 0.330$$

Reciprocity: $A_1 F_{12} = A_2 F_{21}$

$$F_{12} = \frac{A_2}{A_1} F_{21} = \frac{\cancel{\pi} D_{OUTER} L}{\cancel{\pi} D_{INNER} L} \cdot F_{21}$$

$$= \left(\frac{10 \text{ cm}}{6 \text{ cm}} \right) (0.330) = 0.55$$

Summation rule.

$$F_{12} + F_{13} = 1 \quad 1 - F_{12} = F_{13}$$

$$F_{13} = 1 - 0.55 = \boxed{0.45}$$

(b) Superposition:

$$F_{13} = F_{1 \rightarrow \text{TOP}} + F_{1 \rightarrow \text{BOTTOM}}$$

Symmetry:

$$F_{1 \rightarrow \text{TOP}} = F_{1 \rightarrow \text{BOTTOM}}$$

$$\therefore F_{13} = 2 F_{1 \rightarrow \text{TOP}}$$

$$F_{1 \rightarrow \text{TOP}} = F_{13} / 2 = 0.45 / 2 = \boxed{0.225}$$

(c) Summation rule

$$F_{2-1} + F_{2-2} + F_{2-3} = 1$$

↳ CAREFUL! $\neq 0!$

From figure in text.

$$F_{22} \approx 0.125$$

$$\therefore F_{23} = 1 - F_{21} - F_{22} = 1 - 0.33 - 0.125$$

$$= \boxed{0.545}$$