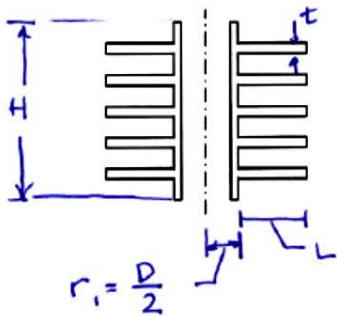


## Example

A motorcycle cylinder is constructed from 2024-T6 aluminum alloy ( $k = 186 \text{ W/m}^\circ\text{C}$ ) and has a height of  $H = 0.15 \text{ m}$  and an outer diameter of  $D = 50 \text{ mm}$ . The temperature of the outer diameter of the cylinder is  $500 \text{ K}$  under typical conditions. The surrounding air has a temperature is  $T_{air} = 300 \text{ K}$  with  $h_{air} = 50 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$ . It is suggested that the heat transfer from the motorcycle can be enhanced by adding *annular* fins of length  $L = 20 \text{ mm}$  and thickness  $t = 6 \text{ mm}$ . Calculate the increase of heat transfer due to adding five such fins, all equally spaced.



$$\dot{\epsilon}_{OVERALL} = \frac{A_{UNFIN} + \eta_{FIN} A_{FINS}}{A_{NO FIN}}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{Q} &= (\epsilon_{OVERALL}) \dot{Q}_{NO FIN} \\ \dot{Q}_{NO FIN} &= h A_{NO FIN} (T_b - T_\infty) \\ &= h (\pi D H) (T_b - T_\infty) \\ &= (50 \frac{\text{W}}{\text{m}^2 \cdot \text{K}})(\pi)(0.050 \text{ m})(0.15 \text{ m})(500 - 300) \text{ K} \\ &= 235.6 \text{ W}\end{aligned}$$

From figure in text

$$L_c = L + \frac{t}{2} = 0.020 \text{ m} + \frac{0.006 \text{ m}}{2} = 0.023 \text{ m}$$

$$A_p = L_c t = (0.023 \text{ m})(0.006 \text{ m}) = 0.000138 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\xi = L_c^{3/2} \left[ \frac{h}{KA_p} \right]^{1/2} = (0.023)^{3/2} \left[ \frac{50}{(186)(0.000138)} \right]^{1/2} = 0.154$$

$$\begin{aligned}r_{2c} &= r_1 + t/2 = (r_1 + L) + t/2 = \frac{D}{2} + L + \frac{t}{2} = \frac{0.050}{2} + 0.020 + \frac{0.006}{2} \\ &= 0.048 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{r_{2c}}{r_1} = \frac{0.048 \text{ m}}{0.050/2 \text{ m}} = 1.92 \Rightarrow \eta \approx 0.95$$

$$\begin{aligned}A_{UNFIN} &= \pi D H - 5 \pi D t = \pi D (H - 5t) = (\pi)(0.050)[0.15 - (5)(0.006)] \\ &= 0.0188 \text{ m}^2\end{aligned}$$

$$A_{FIN} = (5)(2) \left[ \pi \left( r_{2c}^2 - r_1^2 \right) \right] \quad \text{CORRECTED FIN LENGTH}$$

5FINS      TOP & BOTTOM SURFACE

$$= (5)(2) \left[ \pi (0.048)^2 - (0.050/2)^2 \right] = 0.05274 \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_{NO\ FIN} = \pi D H = (\pi)(0.050)(0.150) = 0.0236 \text{ m}^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \epsilon = \frac{(0.0188) + (0.95)(0.05274)}{0.0236} = 2.919$$

$$\dot{Q} = (2.919)(235.6) = \boxed{688 \text{ W}}$$

$$\dot{Q} - \dot{Q}_{NO\ FIN} = 688 - 236 = 451 \text{ W}$$

$\Rightarrow$  wow!!