



$$(1) \quad P_1 = 100 \text{ kPa} \\ T_1 = 350 \text{ K} \quad \dot{n}_a = 0.1 \text{ kmol/s}$$

$$(2) \quad P_2 = 100 \text{ kPa} \\ T_2 = 550 \text{ K} \quad \dot{n}_v = 0.3 \text{ kmol/s}$$

$$(3) \quad P_3 = 100 \text{ kPa}$$

COM →

$$\frac{dm_{\text{sys}}}{dt} = \sum \dot{m}_{\text{in}} - \sum \dot{m}_{\text{out}} + \dot{m}_{\text{gen}} - \dot{m}_{\text{con}}$$

$$0 = \dot{n}_a + \dot{n}_v - \dot{n}_3$$

$$\frac{\dot{n}_3}{\dot{n}_3} = \frac{\dot{n}_a}{\dot{n}_3} + \frac{\dot{n}_v}{\dot{n}_3} \Rightarrow 1 = y_{a,3} + y_{v,3}$$

$$y_{a,3} = \frac{\dot{n}_a}{\dot{n}_3} = \frac{0.1}{0.4} = 0.25$$

$$y_{v,3} = \frac{\dot{n}_v}{\dot{n}_3} = \frac{0.3}{0.4} = 0.75$$

COENERGY →

$$\frac{dE_{\text{sys}}}{dt} = \dot{Q} + \dot{W} + \sum \dot{m}_{\text{in}}(h + \dots) - \sum \dot{m}_{\text{out}}(h + \dots)$$

$$0 = \dot{n}_a(h_a) + \dot{n}_v(h_v) - \dot{n}_3(h_3)$$

$$0 = \dot{n}_a(\bar{h}_a) + \dot{n}_v(\bar{h}_v) - \dot{n}_3(\bar{h}_3)$$

CONSERVATION OF MASS  
GIVES US THE MOLE  
FRACTIONS OF THE  
EXIT.

$$\bar{h}_3 = \frac{\dot{n}_a}{\dot{n}_3} \bar{h}_{a,1} + \frac{\dot{n}_v}{\dot{n}_3} \bar{h}_{v,2}$$

$$= (0.25)'' + (0.75)''$$

$$= (0.25) [M_{AIR} h_{a,1}] + (0.75) (\bar{h}_{v,2})$$

$$= (0.25) \left[ 28.97 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{kmol}} \cdot 350.49 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \right] + (0.75) (18,601 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kmol}})$$

$$= \underline{16,489 \text{ kJ/kmol}}$$

⊙ THE EXIT (3) MIXTURE SPECIFIC ENTHALPY GIVEN BY

$$\bar{h}_3 = y_{a,3} \bar{h}_{a,T_3} + y_{v,3} \bar{h}_{v,T_3}$$

$$= y_{a,3} [M_{AIR} h_{a,T_3}] + y_{v,3} \bar{h}_{v,T_3} \quad (1)$$

↑ THESE ARE BOTH FUNCTIONS  
OF TEMPERATURE!

AND SO WE HAVE A GUESS & CHECK METHOD. WE MUST GUESS  $T_3$ ,  
FIND  $h_{a,T_3}$  &  $\bar{h}_{v,T_3}$ , PLUG THEM INTO EQUATION ABOVE, &  
THEN SEE IF IT GIVES  $16,489 \text{ kJ/kmol}$ . IF NOT, GUESS  
AGAIN!

START W/  $T_3 = 500 \text{ K}$

$$h_{a,T_3} = 503.02 \text{ kJ/kg}$$

$$\bar{h}_{v,T_3} = 16,828 \text{ kJ/kmol}$$

(1) GIVES

$$\bar{h}_3 = (0.25) [28.97] \left[ 503.02 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}} \right] + (0.75) (16,828 \text{ kJ/kmol})$$

$$= 16,264 \text{ kJ/kmol}$$

TOO LOW, MAKE IT  
HIGHER.

AFTER SEVERAL ITERATIONS ...

(OR USE EES! SEE THE EES FILE...)

...  $T_3 = 507 \text{ K}$

(b) AdS

$$\frac{dS_{\text{sys}}}{dt} = \sum_i \frac{\dot{Q}_i}{T_i} + \sum_{\text{in}} \dot{n}_i \bar{S}_i - \sum_{\text{out}} \dot{n}_i \bar{S}_i + \dot{S}_{\text{GEN}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{S}_{\text{GEN}} &= \dot{n}_3 \bar{S}_3 - \dot{n}_{a,1} \bar{S}_{a,1} - \dot{n}_v \bar{S}_{v,2} \\ &= \dot{n}_3 \bar{S}_3 - \dot{n}_{a,1} M_{\text{air}} \bar{S}_{a,1} - \dot{n}_v \bar{S}_{v,2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{S}_3 &= y_{a,3} \bar{S}_{a,3} + y_{v,3} \bar{S}_{v,3} \\ &= y_{a,3} M_{\text{air}} \bar{S}_{a,3} + y_{v,3} \bar{S}_{v,3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{S}_{\text{GEN}} = \dot{n}_3 [y_{a,3} M_{\text{air}} \bar{S}_{a,3} + y_{v,3} \bar{S}_{v,3}] - \dot{n}_{a,1} M_{\text{air}} \bar{S}_{a,1} - \dot{n}_v \bar{S}_{v,2}$$

But  $\dot{n}_3 y_{a,3} = \dot{n}_{a,1}$  &  $\dot{n}_3 y_{v,3} = \dot{n}_v$  so

$$\dot{S}_{\text{GEN}} = \dot{n}_{a,1} [M_{\text{air}} (\bar{S}_{a,3} - \bar{S}_{a,1})] + \dot{n}_v [\bar{S}_{v,3} - \bar{S}_{v,2}]$$

$$= \dot{n}_{a,1} M_{\text{air}} \left[ \Delta_a^\circ(T_3) - \Delta_a^\circ(T_1) - R \ln \left( \frac{y_{a,3} P_3}{P_1} \right) \right] + \dot{n}_v \left[ \bar{S}_v^\circ(T_3) - \bar{S}_v^\circ(T_1) - R \ln \left( \frac{y_{v,3} P_3}{P_1} \right) \right]$$

NOTE  
PARTIAL PRESSURES!

...

$$= 0.2135 \text{ kW/k}$$