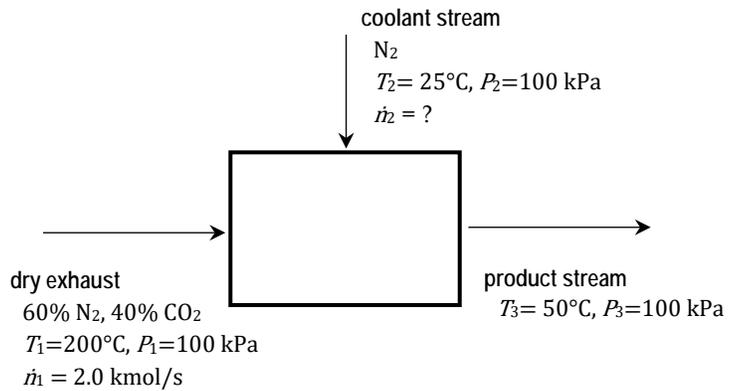


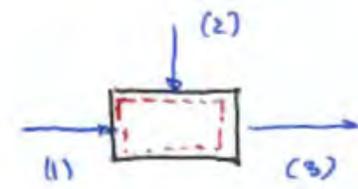
EXAMPLE: I'm exhausted, so I'm going to cool it

A flow of $\dot{n}_1=2.0$ kmol/s of a dry exhaust at $T_1=200^\circ\text{C}$ and $P_1=100$ kPa mixes with a stream of pure nitrogen at $T_2=25^\circ\text{C}$ and $P_2=100$ kPa in an adiabatic mixing chamber. The molar composition of the dry exhaust is 60% nitrogen and 40% carbon dioxide. If the product stream exits the chamber at $T_3=50^\circ\text{C}$ and $P_3=100$ kPa, determine



- (a) the molar flow rate of the coolant N₂ stream, \dot{n}_2 , in kmol/s and
- (b) the rate of entropy generation inside the mixing chamber, in kW/K

Assume all gases behave as ideal gases with variable specific heats.



(a) CoM \rightarrow Ao Species

N₂: $\frac{d}{dt}(\dot{n}_{N_2}) = \sum_{IN} \dot{n}_{N_2} - \sum_{OUT} \dot{n}_{N_2}$

$$0 = y_{N_2,1} \dot{n}_1 + \dot{n}_2 - \dot{n}_{N_2,3}$$

$$\dot{n}_{N_2,3} = y_{N_2,1} \dot{n}_1 + \dot{n}_2 \quad [1]$$

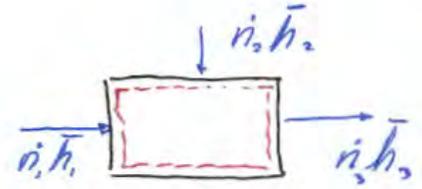
CO₂: $\frac{d}{dt}(\dot{n}_{CO_2}) = \sum_{IN} \dot{n}_{CO_2} - \sum_{OUT} \dot{n}_{CO_2}$

$$0 = y_{CO_2,1} \dot{n}_1 - \dot{n}_{CO_2,3}$$

$$\dot{n}_{CO_2,3} = y_{CO_2,1} \dot{n}_1 \quad [2]$$

CoE, MOLAR BASIS

$\frac{d}{dt}(\dot{E}) = \dot{Q}_{NET,IN} - \dot{W}_{NET,OUT} + \sum_{IN} \dot{n} \bar{h} - \sum_{OUT} \dot{n} \bar{h}$



$$0 = \dot{n}_1 \bar{h}_1 + \dot{n}_2 \bar{h}_2 - \dot{n}_3 \bar{h}_3$$

$$0 = \dot{n}_{N_2,1} \bar{h}_{N_2,1} + \dot{n}_{CO_2,1} \bar{h}_{CO_2,1} + \dot{n}_2 \bar{h}_{N_2,2} - \dot{n}_{N_2,3} \bar{h}_{N_2,3} - \dot{n}_{CO_2,3} \bar{h}_{CO_2,3} \quad [3]$$

[WITH ALL \bar{h} VALUES KNOWN (KNOWN T_s) [1] - [3] ARE THREE EQNS WITH THREE UNKNOWN FLOWRATES.

Note that part (a) is conceptually solved at this point!

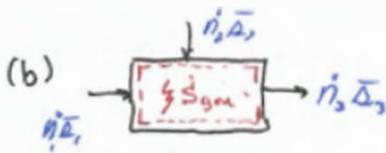
SUBSTITUTING [1] & [2] INTO [3]

$$0 = y_{N_2,1} \dot{n}_1 \bar{h}_{N_2,1} + y_{CO_2,1} \dot{n}_1 \bar{h}_{CO_2,1} + \dot{n}_2 \bar{h}_{N_2,2} - [y_{N_2,1} \dot{n}_1 + \dot{n}_2] \bar{h}_{N_2,3} - y_{CO_2,1} \dot{n}_1 \bar{h}_{CO_2,3}$$

$$\dot{n}_2 = \frac{y_{N_2,1} \bar{h}_{N_2,1} + y_{CO_2,1} \bar{h}_{CO_2,1} - y_{N_2,1} \dot{n}_1 \bar{h}_{N_2,3} - y_{CO_2,1} \dot{n}_1 \bar{h}_{CO_2,3}}{\bar{h}_{N_2,3} - \bar{h}_{N_2,2}}$$

= ... = 14.1 kmol/s ← ANS

$\bar{h}_{N_2,1} = \bar{h}_{N_2}(T_1) = 13,782 \frac{kJ}{kmol}$
 $\bar{h}_{N_2,2} = 8669 \frac{kJ}{kmol}$
 $\bar{h}_{CO_2,1} = 16,403 \text{ "}$
 $\bar{h}_{CO_2,3} = 10,301 \text{ "}$
 $\bar{h}_{N_2,3} = 9393 \text{ "}$



AsS $\frac{d(s_{tot})}{dt} = \sum \frac{\dot{Q}_{in}}{T_{in}} + \sum \dot{n} \bar{a} - \sum \dot{n} \bar{a} + \dot{S}_{gen}$

$$\dot{S}_{gen} = \dot{n}_3 \bar{a}_3 - \dot{n}_1 \bar{a}_1 - \dot{n}_2 \bar{a}_2 = \dot{n}_{CO_2,3} \bar{a}_{CO_2,3} + \dot{n}_{N_2,3} \bar{a}_{N_2,3} - \dot{n}_{N_2,1} \bar{a}_{N_2,1} - \dot{n}_{CO_2,1} \bar{a}_{CO_2,1} - \dot{n}_2 \bar{a}_{N_2,2} \quad [4]$$

KNOWING ALL T_0 & P_0 SUFFICIENT TO FIND ALL \bar{a} VALUES. P_0 ARE PARTIAL PRESSURES:

$P_{N_2,1} = y_{N_2,1} P_1$ $P_{N_2,2} = P_2$ $P_{N_2,3} = y_{N_2,3} P_3$ $y_{N_2,3} = \dot{n}_{N_2,3} / \dot{n}_3 = 0.95$
 $P_{CO_2,1} = y_{CO_2,1} P_1$ $P_{CO_2,3} = y_{CO_2,3} P_3$ $y_{CO_2,3} = \dot{n}_{CO_2,3} / \dot{n}_3 = 0.05$

SUB. [1] & [2] INTO [4]

Part (b) is conceptually solved here!

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{S}_{gen} &= y_{CO_2,1} \dot{n}_1 [\bar{a}_{CO_2,3} - \bar{a}_{CO_2,1}] + y_{N_2,1} \dot{n}_1 [\bar{a}_{N_2,3} - \bar{a}_{N_2,1}] + \dot{n}_2 [\bar{a}_{N_2,3} - \bar{a}_{N_2,2}] \\ &= y_{CO_2,1} \dot{n}_1 \left[\bar{a}_{T_3}^0 - \bar{a}_{T_1}^0 - \bar{R} \ln \left(\frac{y_{CO_2,3} P_3}{y_{CO_2,1} P_1} \right) \right] \\ &\quad + y_{N_2,1} \dot{n}_1 \left[\bar{a}_{T_3}^0 - \bar{a}_{T_1}^0 - \bar{R} \ln \left(\frac{y_{N_2,3} P_3}{y_{N_2,1} P_1} \right) \right] \\ &\quad + \dot{n}_2 \left[\bar{a}_{T_2}^0 - \bar{a}_{T_1}^0 - \bar{R} \ln \left(\frac{y_{N_2,3} P_3}{P_2} \right) \right] \end{aligned}$$

$\bar{a}_{N_2}^0(T_1) = 205 \frac{kJ}{kg \cdot K}$
 $\bar{a}_{N_2}^0(T_2) = 191.5 \frac{kJ}{kg \cdot K}$
 $\bar{a}_{CO_2}(T_1) = 232.4 \text{ "}$
 $\bar{a}_{CO_2}(T_3) = 216.7 \text{ "}$
 $\bar{a}_{N_2}(T_3) = 193.8 \text{ "}$

$\bar{R} = 8.314 \frac{kJ}{kmol \cdot K}$

= ... = 53.4 $\frac{KW}{K}$ ← ANS