

**CSSE 220** 

Recursion

Import Recursion project from the repo

#### **Announcements**

- The next 4 class days:
  - A new way to think: Recursion
  - A new way to break up and re-use code:
     Interfaces
    - Making interactive apps requires this

### Recursion

 A solution technique where the same computation occurs repeatedly as the problem is solved

recurs

- Examples:
  - Sierpinski Triangle:
     <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sierpinski triangle">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Sierpinski triangle</a>
  - Towers of Hanoi:
     <a href="http://www.mathsisfun.com/games/towerofhanoi.html">http://www.mathsisfun.com/games/towerofhanoi.html</a>
     or search for Towers of Hanoi

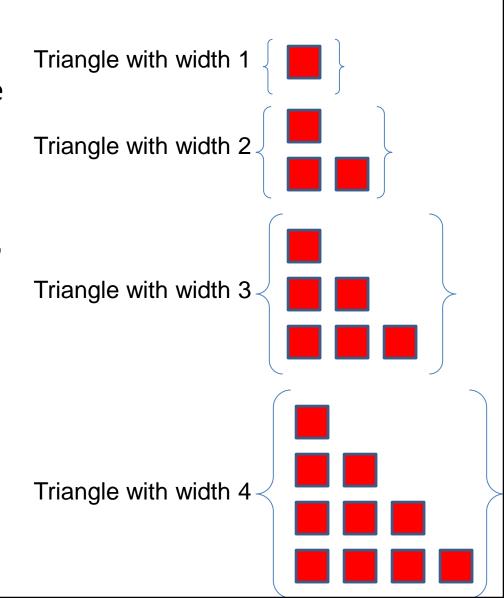
# An example – Triangle Numbers

- If each red block has area 1, what is the area A(n) of the Triangle whose width is n?
  - Answer:

$$A(n) = n + A(n-1)$$

- The above holds for which n
   ? What is the answer for other n ?
  - Answer: The recursive equation holds for n >= 1.

For n = 0, the area is 0.



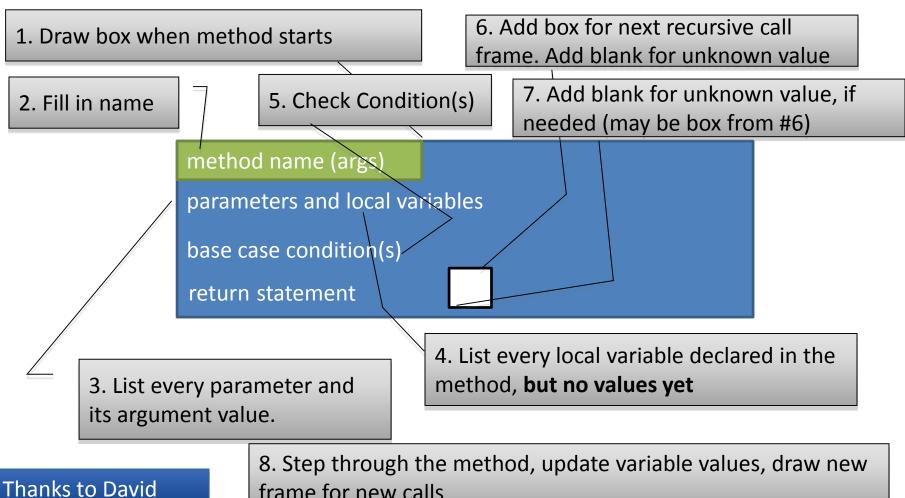
## Key Rules to Using Recursion

Always have a base case that doesn't recurse

Make sure recursive case always makes progress, by solving a smaller problem

- You gotta believe
  - Trust in the recursive solution
  - Just consider one step at a time

## Frames for Tracing Recursive Code



Gries for this technique

Q1-Q2

### **Programming Problem**

Add a recursive
 method to Sentence
 for computing
 whether Sentence is
 a palindrome

Sentence

String text

String toString()
boolean isPalindrome()

#### Practice Practice Practice

- Head to <a href="http://codingbat.com/java/Recursion-1">http://codingbat.com/java/Recursion-1</a>
   and solve 5 problems. I personally like bunnyEars, bunnyEars2, count7, fibonacci, and noX
- Get help from me if you get stuck
- Then take a look at the recursion homework