Test 3 – Practice Problems for the Paper-and-Pencil portion

Note: Problems 5 and 7 – 16 are repeated from the Test 2 Practice Problems because they are particularly relevant to Test 3.

1. In the space below, write an implementation for the function whose specification is shown in the following box. Do NOT use your computer for this (or for any other of these paper-and-pencil problems).

```
def shape(r):
    .....
    Prints shapes per the following examples:
                                       When r = 3
    When r = 5:
        ****5
                                       ***3
        ****54
                                       **32
        ***543
                                       *321
        **5432
        *54321
    Precondition: r is a non-negative integer.
    For purposes of "lining up", assume r is a single digit.
    .....
```



4. Consider the code snippet in the box below. It is a contrived example with poor style, but it will run without errors. What does it print when *main* runs?



5. In Session 9, you implemented a *Point* class. Recall that a *Point* object has instance variables *x* and *y* for its x and y coordinates.

Consider the code in the box below. On the **next** page, draw the **box-and-pointer diagram** for what happens when **main** runs. Also on the next page, show what the code would **print** when **main** runs.

```
def main():
    point1 = Point(8, 10)
    point2 = Point(20, 30)
    x = 405
    y = 33
    print('Before:', point1, point2, x, y)
    z = change(point1, point2, x, y)
    print('After:', point1, point2, x, y, z)
def change(point1, point2, x, a):
    print('Within 1:', point1, point2, x, a)
    point2.x = point1.x
    point2 = Point(5, 6)
    point1.y = point2.y
    x = 99
    point1.x = x
    a = 77
    print('Within 2:', point1, point2, x, a)
    return a
```

Draw your box-and-pointer diagram here:

What prints when *main* runs?

Assume that *Point* objects get printed as per this example: **Point(8, 10)**.

Before:	 	 	<u> </u>
Within 1: _	 	 	
Within 2: _	 	 	
After:			

6. Consider the code snippet below. It is a contrived example with poor style, but it will run without errors. What does it print when it runs?

Write your answer in the box to the right.

x = 2
while x < 9:
 print(x)
 x = x + 3
print('One', x)

y = 2
while True:
 print(y)
 if y > 9:
 break
 y = y + 3

print('Two', y)



7. True or false: Variables are REFERENCES to objects. True **False** (circle your choice) 8. True or false: **Assignment** (e.g. x = 100) causes a variable to refer to an object. True **False** (circle your choice) 9. True or false: **Function calls** (e.g. **foo(54, x)**) also cause variables to refer to objects. True **False** (circle your choice) 10. Give one example of an object that is a **container** object: 11. Give one example of an object that is **NOT** a **container** object: 12. True or false: When an object is mutated, it no longer refers to the same object to which it referred prior to the mutating. True False (circle your choice) 13. Consider the following statements: c1 = rg.Circle(rg.Point(200, 200), 25) $c^{2} = c^{1}$ At this point, how many **rg.Circle** objects have been constructed? 2 1 (circle your choice) 14. Continuing the previous problem, consider an additional statement that follows the preceding two statements: c1.radius = 77True or False: After the above statement executes, the variable *c1* refers to the same object to which it referred prior to this statement. True False (circle your choice) 15. Continuing the previous problems: • What is the value of **c1**'s radius after the statement in the previous problem executes? 25 77 (circle your choice) • What is the value of *c2*'s radius after the statement in the previous problem executes? 25 77 (circle your choice)

16. In Session 9, you implemented a **Point** class. Recall that a Point object has instance variables **x** and **y** for its x and y coordinates

Consider the code snippets below. They are contrived examples with poor style but will run without errors. For each, what does it print when *main* runs?

