

figure 19.83

A 5-ary tree of 31 nodes has only three levels



Definition

- The data items are stored at leaves.
- The nonleaf nodes store as many as $M - 1$ keys to guide the searching.
- Key i represents the smallest key in subtree $i + 1$
- The root is either a leaf or has between 2 and M children.



Definition

- All nonleaf nodes (except the root) have between $\text{ceiling}(M/2)$ and M children.
- All leaves are at the same depth and have between $\text{ceiling}(L/2)$ and L data items, for some L

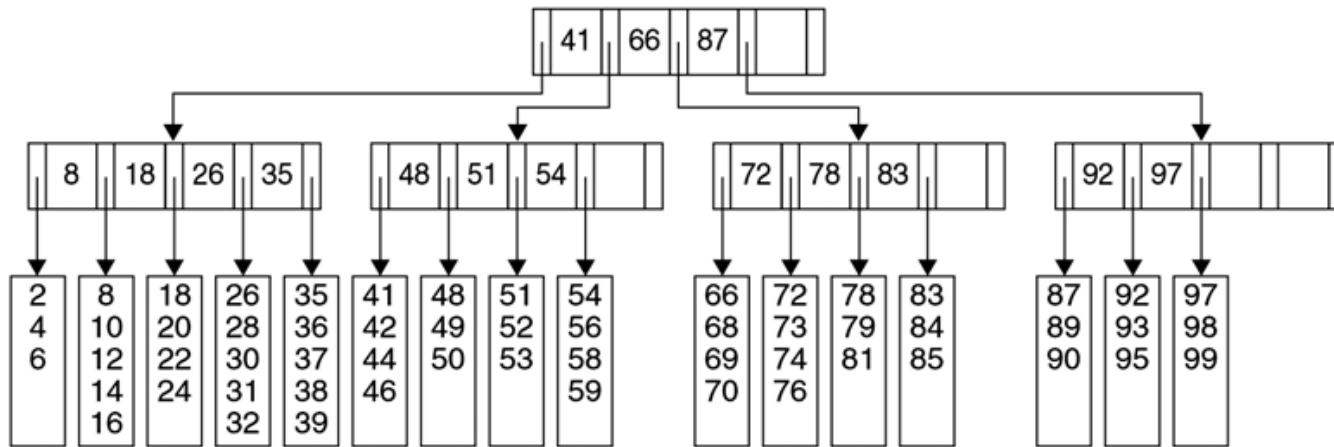


figure 19.84

A B-tree of order 5

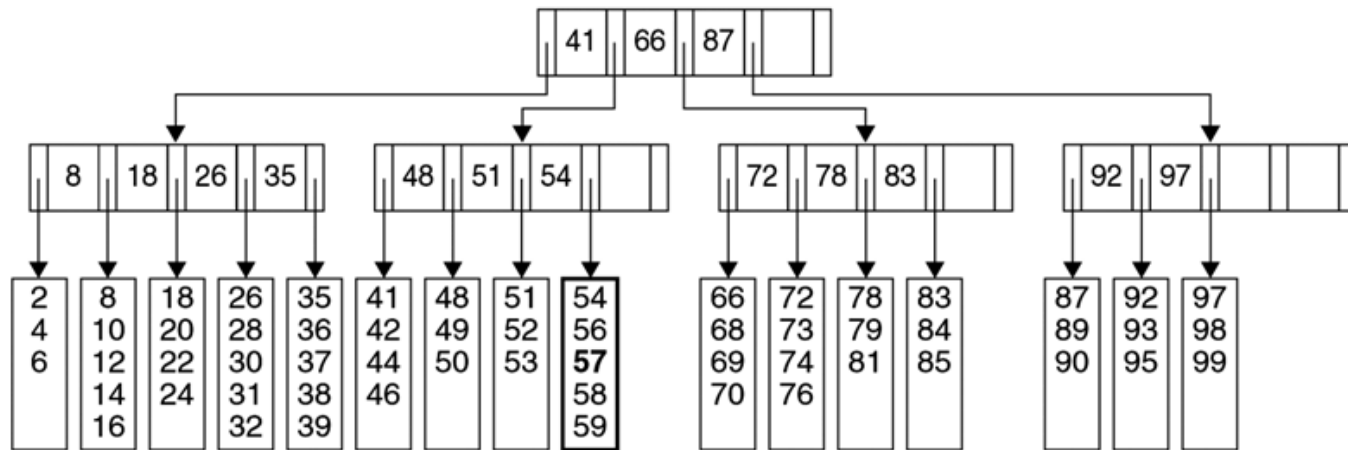


figure 19.85

The B-tree after insertion of 57 in the tree shown in Figure 19.84.

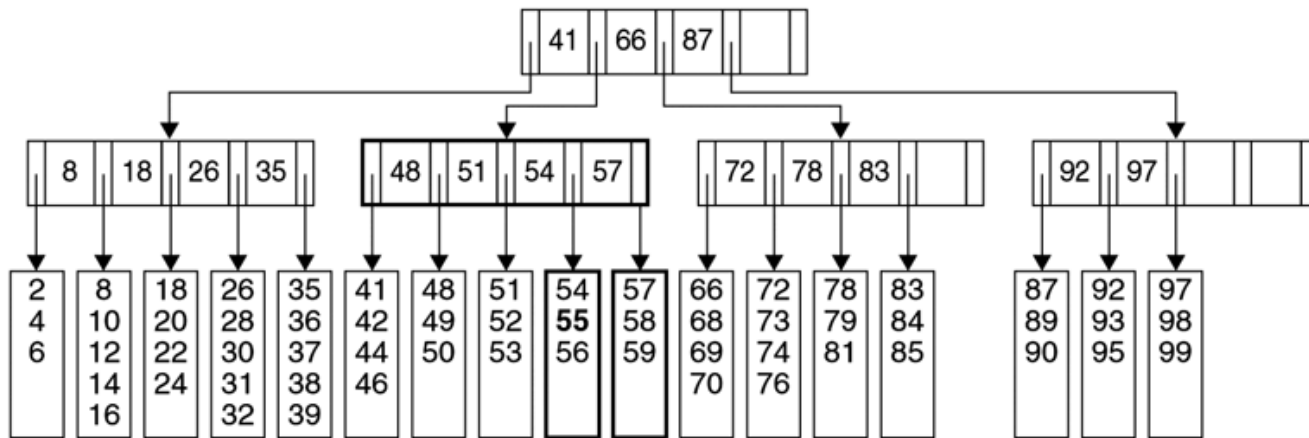


figure 19.86

Insertion of 55 in the B-tree shown in Figure 19.85 causes a split into two leaves.

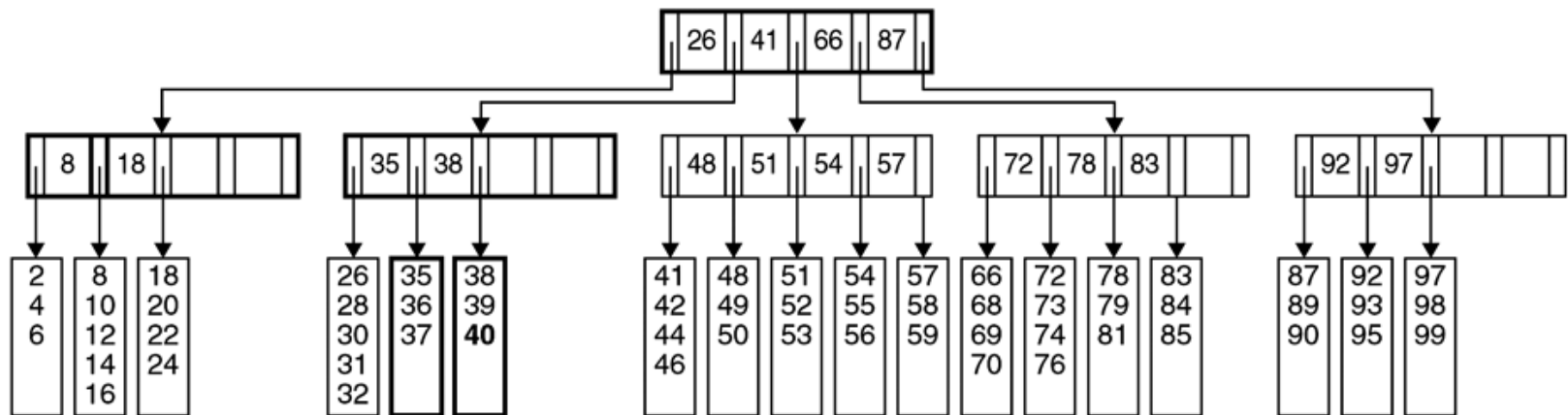


figure 19.87

Insertion of 40 in the B-tree shown in Figure 19.86 causes a split into two leaves and then a split of the parent node.

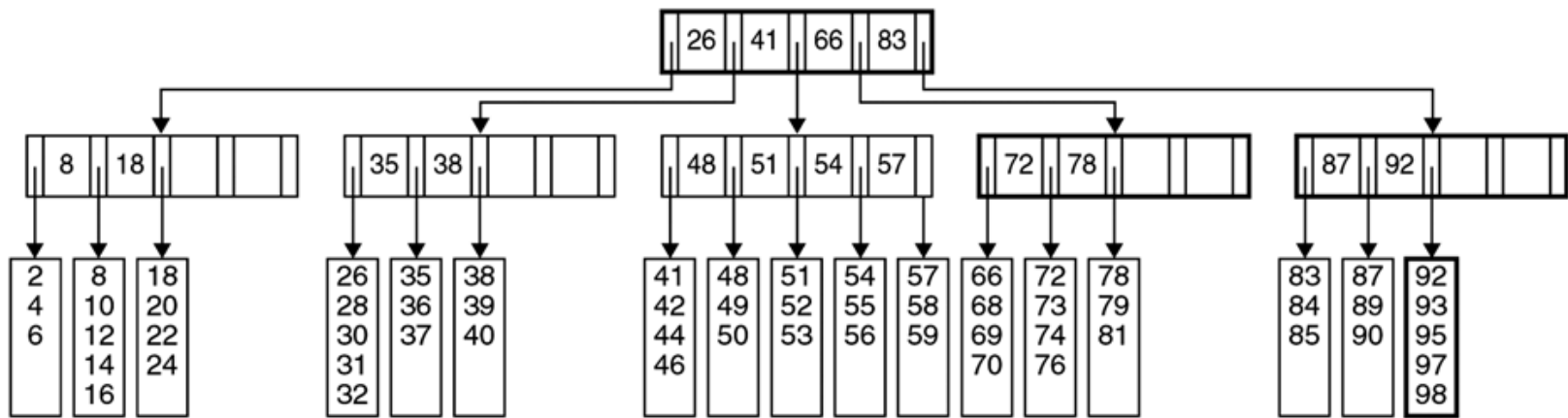


figure 19.88

The B-tree after deletion of 99 from the tree shown in Figure 19.87.