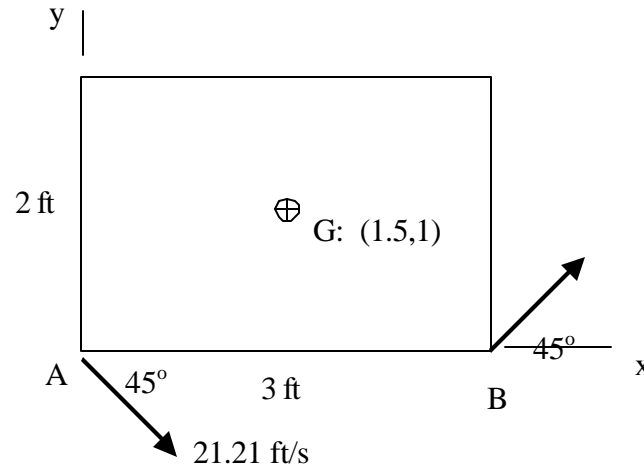


The rectangular 3 ft x 2 ft plate has mass of 3 slugs. Its moment of inertia about mass center G is  $3.25 \text{ slug}\cdot\text{ft}^2$ . As the plate experiences general plane motion, the velocities of corners A and B have the directions indicated. The velocity of A is  $15\sqrt{2}$  or 21.21 ft/s.

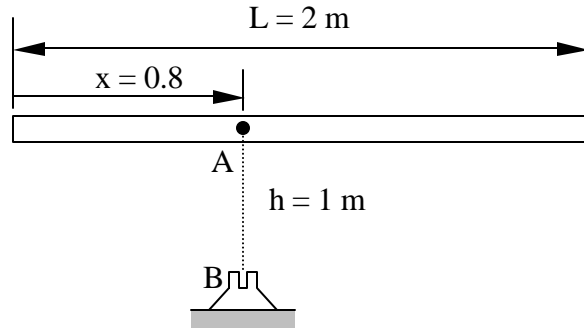


Calculate the following system variables and properties. Give units. For full credit, show all work.

- The location of the instant center of rotation using the x-y coordinates shown.
- The angular velocity of the plate. Magnitude and direction.
- The linear momentum vector for the plate. Magnitude and direction.
- The angular momentum of the plate about G. Magnitude and direction.
- The angular momentum of the plate about A. Magnitude and direction.
- The kinetic energy of the plate.

The slender bar of mass  $m = 1.2$  kg and length  $L = 2$  m is released from rest in the horizontal position shown. If point A of the bar becomes attached to the pivot at B upon impact, determine immediately after the impact:

- a) the angular velocity,  $\omega$ , of the bar
- b) the impulse exerted on the rod at A during the impact.



Save the numerical calculations until the end of the exam to make sure you get a solution to all the other problems.