

CSSE 332 -- OPERATING SYSTEMS

Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology

Pipes

Name: _____

Question	Points	Score
Question 1	5	
Question 2	20	
Question 3	5	
Question 4	5	
Question 5	10	
Question 6	10	
Question 7	10	
Total:	65	

Question 1. (5 points) In Unix, “unnamed” pipes are **bidirectional** means of communication that are managed by the kernel.

- A. True.
- B. False.

Question 2. Consider the processes with the lineage relationship shown in Figure 1 below.

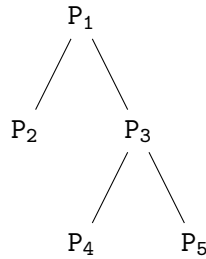


Figure 1: Lineage relationship for processes in **Question 2**

- (a) Assume that before forking P_4 and P_5 , P_3 creates a Unix pipe (let's call it σ) using the pipe system call.
- i. (5 points) P_4 and P_5 can communicate with each using σ .
 - A. True.
 - B. False.
 - ii. (5 points) P_4 cannot use σ to communicate with P_3 .
 - A. True.
 - B. False.
 - iii. (5 points) P_4 can use σ to communicate with P_1 .
 - A. True.
 - B. False.
- (b) (5 points) Assume now that P_2 creates a pipe using the system call `pipe`, which of the below processes can P_2 communicate with using that pipe?
- A. P_1 B. P_3 C. P_4 D. P_5 E. None of the above.

Question 3. (5 points) A process that needs to **read** from a pipe must _____ the _____ of that pipe. It can then use the _____ system call to extract bytes from the pipe.

Question 4. (5 points) Briefly describe the events that happen when a process attempts to read from a pipe that has no more writers, but whose writing ends are still open.

Question 5. Consider the following code snippet.

```
1  if(pipe(fd) < 0) {
2      perror("PANIC");
3      exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
4  }
5  int rc = fork();
6  if(rc == 0) {
7      // sleep for some 20 seconds, give parent time to write.
8      char buff[5];
9      int len;
10     while((len=read(fd[0], buff, 4))) {
11         buff[len] = 0;
12         printf("Read %s\n", buff);
13     }
14     close(fd[0]);
15 }
16 // close reading end
17 close(fd[0]);
18 write(fd[1], "hello world!", strlen("hello world!"));
19 write(fd[1], "nice try!", strlen("nice try!"));
20
21 // done
22 close(fd[1]);
23 // do other stuff and wait for child.
```

(a) (5 points) The code above contains a bug. Find it and suggest a way to fix it.

(b) (5 points) Assume now that the bug has been fixed and that **all** of the parent's write operations finish before the child process reaches the while loop. What would be the output on the console when the child reads from the pipe?

Question 6. (10 points) Please write down two **sentences** describing two new things that you learned in this session.

Question 7. (10 points) Please write down two things that you are still not very clear about, or any questions that you might have that the session did not go over or did not cover well.