CSSE 332 -- OPERATING SYSTEMS Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology

Signals

Name: Solution Key

Question	Points	Score
Question 1	5	
Question 2	10	
Question 3	5	
Question 4	5	
Total:	25	

Winter 2025 Name: Solution Key Operating Systems

Question 1. (5 points) When running a program in a shell and you press the ctrl-c key combination on your keyboard, which signal is sent to the running process? What is the default behavior of the process upon receiving this signal?

Solution: Hitting ctrl-c sends the *interrupt* signal to the running process (SIGINT). By default, it causes the process to terminate.

- **Question 2**. Assume that in our system, we have three processes P_1 , P_2 , and P_3 . At one point in time, both P_2 and P_3 send the *stop* signal to P_1 .
 - (a) (5 points) Assume that P_2 sends P_1 the signal **before** P_3 sends its signal. In this case, it is guaranteed that P_2 's signal will be delivered before P_3 's signal.
 - A. True.
 - B. False.
 - (b) (5 points) Assume now that P_1 received P_2 's signal but has not processed (or handled) it yet. Which of the following statements is true when P_3 's signal is received?
 - A. P_3 's signal will be queued until P_2 's signal is handled by the receiving process.
 - B. P_3 's signal will be bundled with P_2 's signal since they are of the same type.
 - C. P_3 's signal will be discarded.

Question 3. (5 points) List and explain the five actions that can be taken by default when a process receives a certain signal.

Solution:

- 1. Terminate: Kill the process.
- 2. Dump: Terminate and generate a core dump.
- 3. Ignore: see question below.
- 4. Stop: Pause the process.
- 5. Continue: Continue a paused process.

Question 4. (5 points) Explain the main difference between an *ignored* signal and a *masked* signal.

Solution: An ignored signal is consumed and discarded while a masked signal is stored (only one of a certain type) to be handled later when the process chooses to unmask it.

Mon Dec 09 2024 Page 1 of 1