

CSSE 332 -- OPERATING SYSTEMS

Rose-Hulman Institute of Technology

C Review

Name: _____

Question	Points	Score
Question 1	5	
Question 2	5	
Question 3	10	
Question 4	5	
Question 5	15	
Question 6	5	
Question 7	10	
Question 8	10	
Total:	65	

Question 1. (5 points) Microcontrollers are often much more resource constrained than general-purpose devices, and thus run on a 16-bit CPU architecture. What is the pointer size (in bytes) on such devices?

Question 2. (5 points) Consider a piece code in which a static array **A** is declared as `int A[5];`. What is the initial value of `A[0]`?

Question 3. Consider the following definition of the `element` and `container` structures:

```
1 struct element {
2     int id;
3     int cost;
4     char *name;
5 };
6
7 struct container {
8     int num_elements;           // the number of elements
9     struct element *elements;  // the elements array
10};
```

(a) (5 points) Write down the syntax used to allocate an array (call it `arr`) of 20 `container` structures.

- (b) (5 points) Assume that the array above has already been created, what is the outcome of executing the following statement:

```
1 int c = arr->elements[0].cost;  
2 printf("%d", c);
```

- Question 4.** (5 points) Consider an array of integers created on the heap using

```
int *array = malloc(10 * sizeof(int));
```

Which of the following expressions can be used to access the **sixth** element of the array?

- A. `*array + 5`
- B. `*array + 6`
- C. `*(array + 5)`
- D. `*(array + 6)`
- E. `*(array + 6*sizeof(int))`
- F. `*(array + 5*sizeof(int))`

- Question 5.** Consider a pointer to a custom structure (defined elsewhere) declared as

```
struct cool_struct *p;
```

- (a) (5 points) If we add 5 to p (i.e., do something like `q = p + 5;`), by how many bytes will q be away from p? _____
- (b) (10 points) We would like to move p exactly **16** bytes forward and then read the following 4 bytes as an integer. Suggest a way to achieve that using pointer arithmetic.

Note: You do not have access to the code of `struct cool_struct` and so it cannot be changed.

Question 6. (5 points) Consider the following snippet of code:

```
1 int add(int x, int y) { return x + y; }
2
3 int sub(int x, int y) { return x - y; }
4
5 int main(int argc, char **argv) {
6     int a = read_int_from_user(); // assume this is implemented elsewhere
7     int b = read_int_from_user();
8     char op = read_op_from_user();
9
10    int (*op_fn)(int, int) = (op == '+') ? sub : add;
11    printf("%d %c %d = %d\n", a, op, b, op_fn(a,b));
12
13    return 0;
14 }
```

What would be the output on the screen if the user inputs 1, 3, and '-' when prompted by this program?

Question 7. (10 points) Please write down two **sentences** describing two new things that you learned in this session.

Question 8. (10 points) Please write down two things that you are still not very clear about, or any questions that you might have that the session did not go over or did not cover well.